

Learning in EYFS:

What Science Subject Leaders Need to Know

The EYFS framework is structured very differently to the national curriculum as it is organised across seven areas of learning rather than subject areas. The aim of this document is to help subject leaders to understand how the skills taught across EYFS feed into national curriculum subjects. This document demonstrates which statements from the 2020 Development Matters are prerequisite skills for science within the national curriculum. The table below outlines the most relevant statements taken from the Early Learning Goals in the EYFS statutory framework and the Development Matters age ranges for Three and Four-Year-Olds and Reception to match the programme of study for science.

The most relevant statements for science are taken from the following areas of learning:

- Communication and Language
- Personal, Social and Emotional Development
- Understanding the World

In planning and guiding what children learn, practitioners must reflect on the different rates at which children are developing and adjust their practice appropriately, referring to the Characteristics of Effective Teaching and Learning. These are: playing and exploring - children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'; active learning - children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties, and enjoy their achievements for their own sake; creating and thinking critically - children have and develop their own ideas, make links between ideas, and develop strategies for doing things. In addition, the Prime Areas of Learning (Personal, Social and Emotional Development, Communication and Language and Physical Development) underpin and are an integral part of children's learning in all areas.

Science				
Nursery	Communication and Language	 Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?" 		
	Personal, Social and Emotional Development	 Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and tooth brushing. 		
	Understanding the World	 Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials. 		
		 Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties. 		
		• Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary.		
		 Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history. 		
		Explore how things work.		
		 Plant seeds and care for growing plants. 		
		 Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal. 		
		 Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things. 		
		 Explore and talk about different forces they can feel. 		
		 Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice. 		
Reception	Communication and Language	Learn new vocabulary.Ask questions to find out more and to check what has been said to then		
		Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences.		
		Describe events in some detail.		
		 Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, and to explain how things work and why they might happen. 		
		Use new vocabulary in different contexts.		
	Personal, Social and Emotional Development	 Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: 		

			regular physical activity			
			healthy eating			
			tooth brushing			
			sensible amounts of 'screen time'having a good sleep routine			
			• being a safe pedestrian			
	Understanding the Wor	·ld	Explore the natural world around them.			
			Describe what they see, hear and feel while they are outside.			
			 Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live. 			
			 Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them. 			
EL <i>G</i>	Communication and Language	Listening, Attention and Understanding	Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding.			
	Personal, Social and Emotional Development	Managing Self	 Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices. 			
	Understanding the The Natural World		 Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. 			
			 Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. 			
			 Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter. 			

Understanding the World Rationale

Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

<u>Autumn</u> Understanding the World

Nursery

- Children will make observations about the weather, plants and trees during outdoor learning.
- Children will be exposed to different seasons, plants and animals through story.
- Children will explore a range of sensory 'messy play' opportunities.
- Children will explore light and dark.
- Children explore the materials used to create a Little Pig

Reception

- Children will make observations about the weather, plants and trees during outdoor learning.
- Children will be exposed to different seasons, plants and animals through story
- Children will be able to talk about the changes that happen in the local environment during the night.
- Children will be able to name and discuss different nocturnal animals.
- Children will be able to name and discuss different diurnal animals.
- Children will learn about nocturnal animals using stories e.g. Owl Rabies
- Children will be able to carry out a simple experiment linked to melting ice.

Science Skills

Researching using	Observing over time.	Comparative and fair	Identifying, classifying	Pattern seeking.
Secondary sources.		testing.	and grouping.	
	Children will be able to see			Children will see patterns in
Children will be able to use	the changes in weather.	Children will conduct a	Children will group	the weather.
books, artefacts, the		simple experiment to	materials, plants and animals	
internet and videos to find	Children will be able to see	observe melting ice.	according to different	Children will look for
out information.	seasonal changes.		criteria.	similarities and differences.
		Children will begin to		
	Children will explore what	understand what 'fair'	Children will be able to name	
	happens to different messy	means.	a variety of nocturnal	
	play substances.		animals.	
		Children will conduct an		
	Children will notice what	experiment to find out what	Children can sort, group and	
	happens in the daytime and	material is best for the	discuss natural objects.	
	night times.	little pigs house.		
	Children will observe			
	changes in states of matter.			
	Children will discuss			
	changes when baking.			

<u>Spring</u> Understanding the World

Nursery

- Children will be able to discuss yearly changes.
- Children can discuss what we would be worn in different weather.
- Children can discuss winter animals.
- Children can observe winter birds.
- Children can explore ice.
- Children can think about animal habitats.
- Children can name animals that live in cold places.
- Children can play in the snow.

Reception

- Children can name the 4 seasons.
- Children will be able to carry out a simple experiment
- Children will have the opportunity to investigate which material is best for different uses.
- Children will be able to investigate floating and sinking during outdoor learning.
- Children will be able to discuss animals that live in different places.
- Children will be able to discuss similarities and differences between animals.
- Children will be able to discuss seasonal changes and how this affects animals.
- Children will discuss and name different animal babies.
- Children will have the opportunity to explore forces and friction.

Science Skills						
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Secondary sources.		testing.	grouping.			
	Children will be able to see			Children will see patterns in		
Children will be able to use	the changes in weather.	Children will conduct a	Children will group materials,	the weather.		
books, artefacts, the		simple experiment to	plants and animals according			
internet and videos to find	Children will be able to see	observe melting ice.	to different criteria.	Children will look for		
out information.	seasonal changes.	_		similarities and differences.		
		Children will begin to	Children will be able to sort			
	Children will observe	understand what 'fair'	objects according to			
	changes in states of matter.		whether they float or sink.			
	Children will discuss changes	Children will conduct an	Children can sort, group and			
	when baking.	experiment to find the right	discuss natural objects.			
	_	material for a purpose.				
			Children can compare			
		Children will use a range of	animals.			
		vocabulary to discuss				
		different objects.				

Summer

Understanding the World

Nursery

- Children can talk about changes or differences in seasons.
- Children can name and discuss a variety of minibeasts.
- Children go on a senses walk through the outdoors.
- Children will be able to name different farm animals.
- Children will be able to name different fruit and vegetables
- Children will be able to grow simple vegetables.

Reception

- Children will carry out a simple experiment growing different seeds.
- Children can name different plants, flowers and trees.
- Children will be able to discuss what plants need to grow.
- Look at, discuss and explore farm animals.
- Discuss the life cycles of living things.
- Identify and discuss a variety of minibeasts.

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Secondary sources.		testing.	grouping.	
	Children will be able to see			Children will see patterns in
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books, artefacts, the	_	understand what 'fair'	plants and animals according	
internet and videos to find	Children will be able to see	means.	to different criteria.	Children will look for
out information.	seasonal changes.			similarities and differences.
		Children will conduct an	Children can sort, group and	
	Children will observe	experiment growing seeds.	discuss natural objects.	
	changes in the life cycle of a	ı		
	living thing.	Children will use a range of	Children can compare	
		vocabulary to discuss	animals.	
	Children will observe a plant	different objects.		
	growing from seed.			
	Children will discuss changes			
	when baking.			

Assessment

Can children talk about and draw what they can see?

Can children describe their environment and comment on contrasting environments from books?

Can children describe what changes in each season?

Vocabulary

head eyes nose mouth ears hands fingers feet toes arm leg animal fish bird tree leaf flower stem seed petals roots bulb trunk material wood glass paper fabric hard soft smooth shiny rough Summer day Spring dark Autumn light Winter night Season Moon sun Earth Moon Sun star nocturnal diurnal loud quiet

Areas of Continuous Provision Examples Indoors

Construction Area - Building using different materials - discuss the variety of materials. Building different structures and moving vehicles for a purpose.

<u>Creative</u> seasonal craft and activities, bird houses, exploring materials.

Role Play – garden centre, vets, shops.

Malleable/Playdoh - loose parts with natural materials

Baking - discussions around changes of state.

Small World - play animals and using appropriate language

Mark Making/Writing - writing cards, letters, posters etc about people, objects, places.

Reading - range of fiction and non-fiction books about scientific concepts

Large Construction - making a variety of dens to recreate homes.